

Streamlined Forensic Drugs Report SFR Stage 1 Forensic Result			Barcode	
Relates to	WHITWORTH Daniel		Ref No:	
Location / Venue			Custody / URN	14KG9110135536
Date of Offence	20/09/2014		Forensic Case Ref:	
Crime No:	5115490/14		Forensic Lab Ref:	LGC-14303002-DRG-01
Examiner/Officer/Scientist	Michael Peter Day	Report No:	1	Other Ref:

Case management - To the court and to the defence:

SFRs assist courts to fulfil their duty, to further the overriding objective of the CrimPRs, by ensuring that evidence is presented in the shortest and clearest way and by facilitating the early identification of the real issues. (CrimPR 3.2). Each party must actively assist the court in fulfilling its duty (CrimPR 3.3).

The prosecution propose to rely on the forensic evidence contained in this SFR and if there is a trial, to adduce it by way of a s10 CJA 1967 admission to the general effect that the exhibit/s listed were forensically examined and the examination produced the result/s described. Therefore should there be a real issue in relation to the forensic evidence below, such that the admission cannot be made, the prosecution ask that the defence identify the issue at the earliest possible stage in proceedings. **In the absence of such notification the prosecution will proceed as if the s10 admission will be made.**

The prosecution will not ordinarily undertake further forensic analysis unless and until the exact issue that such work needs to address has been identified. And unless, in light of that issue, it is appropriate that the next stage of analysis should be undertaken by a prosecution rather than a defence expert. If appropriate a direction under CrimPR 3.5(2)(h) as to the order in which the expert issues should be determined may be sought.

We respectfully highlight *R v Chorley Justices 2006 EWHC 1795* 'The days of ambushing and taking last minute technical points are gone. They are not consistent with the overriding objective of deciding cases justly, acquitting the innocent and convicting the guilty' and *Balogun v DPP [2010] EWHC 799* '...the spirit or letter of the CrimPRs is [not] complied with by asserting that the Crown is put to 'strict proof...'

Summary of Forensic Evidence: This report relates to the results of drugs analysis of the following listed exhibits.

Exhibit(s) Examined		Results / Findings		
Item (Unique reference)	Description	Quantity	Drug	Legal Status
IRS/4 (MPSA20245994)	Brown Liquid	Approximately 98 millilitres	NEGATIVE	Not Controlled

Item (Unique reference)	Description	Quantity	Drug	Legal Status
IRS/5 (MPSA18242618)	Brown Liquid	Approximately 1.4 millilitres	GAMMA- BUTYROLACTONE (GBL)	Class C *

Evidence Type Supporting / Technical Information:

Legal Status refers to the classification of the drug found under the provisions of the Misuse of Drugs Act 1971 (as amended).

Packaging refers to the packaging of the item, listed from the outer to inner layer.

Legislation

* Gamma-Butyrolactone (GBL) is a Class C controlled drug under the provisions of the Misuse of Drugs Act 1971 (as amended), where a person imports, exports, produces, supplies or offers to supply, or has (GBL) in his possession, knowing or believing that it will be used for the purpose of human ingestion whether by himself or another person other than as a flavouring in food, by virtue of Regulation 4B of the Misuse of Drugs Regulations 2001.